

TO: Workforce Investment Board

DATE: 09/13/07

FROM: WIB Staff

For Action

For Information

For Discussion

SUBJECT: California State Plan for Career and Technical Education

PROPOSED MOTION(S): Information only.

DISCUSSION: Attached is the Introduction to the State of California's Career and Technical Education (CTE) Draft Plan.

The Introduction begins: "California is the most populated and complex of the states, and, as the eighth largest economy in the world, faces an unprecedented need—and opportunity—to reshape and revitalize the role of career and technical education as an engine of education reform and workforce and economic development for the state."

The Introduction discusses the new priorities of the state plan and the inclusive stakeholder process that contributed to its development.

**ATTACHMENT(S):
Introduction**

- conducting and disseminating national research and disseminating information on best practices that improve CTE programs, services, and activities;
- providing technical assistance that promotes leadership, initial preparation, and professional development at the state and local levels; and that improves the quality of CTE teachers, faculty, administrators, and counselors;
- supporting partnerships among secondary schools, postsecondary institutions, baccalaureate degree granting institutions, area career and technical education schools, local workforce investment boards, business and industry, and intermediaries; and
- providing individuals with opportunities throughout their lifetimes to develop, in conjunction with other education and training programs, the knowledge and skills needed to keep the United States competitive.

Given the scope and breadth of this plan, and its responsiveness to the California context, the following additional state priorities set this plan apart from previous submissions:

- building a demand-driven CTE system by responding to real workforce development needs, and state, regional and local labor market realities and priorities, through strengthened curricula, professional development, data collection and utilization, and linkages with business, industry, and education;
- ensuring that all students have access to CTE courses, pathways and programs of interest; to highly-skilled instructors; and to facilities and technologies that make all CTE options available regardless of location and enrollment limits;
- fully realizing the concept of lifelong learning, spanning from early childhood through adulthood's many transitions, in ways that promote career awareness and management as appropriate throughout the continuum, and that address rigor and relevance as well as instilling passion for learning;
- leveraging the current momentum of high school reform, with its renewed focus on rigor, relevance, relationships and results, to promote CTE as a means to improve students outcomes;
- viewing CTE systemically by taking a broad perspective in planning for how CTE from kindergarten through lifelong learning can contribute to California's economic future rather than focusing on discrete secondary or postsecondary programs or specific funding streams; and
- promoting evidence-based continuous improvement of CTE services and impact through better alignment of standards, curriculum, assessments and professional development, and support for LEAs to achieve all of the state-established core indicator levels of performance for academic and technical skills achievement.

The Process for Developing the State Plan

Developing a CTE plan for a state as vast and diverse as California's requires a broad range of expertise and knowledge, as well as access to data from a number of sources. Planning began even before the reauthorization of the Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical Education Improvement Act of 2006 when the California Department of Education (CDE) and the California Community College Chancellor's Office (CCCCO) jointly commissioned WestEd, a nonprofit educational research and development organization, to conduct a statewide needs assessment of California's CTE system. This 2006 study, which brought together current data from multiple published sources, surveys of CTE practitioners and interviews with CTE stakeholders, including industry representatives and students, served as the point of departure for the next stage of formal input, which began in January 2007 with the creation of a CTE resource group.

California's CTE resource group, a broad-based group of representative stakeholders identified by the CDE and CCCCCO, provided structured input on the development of the state plan and created a shared and comprehensive vision of a statewide CTE system². CDE and CCCCCO commissioned a number of working papers to provide background for the resource group. Research-based information about the state's economy, workforce needs, CTE structure and status, and the requirements of the new Perkins Act laid the groundwork for this stage of the input process, which consisted of three two-day meetings held February 5-6, 2007, March 28-29, 2007, and May 30-31, 2007. The first meeting primarily focused on drafting a shared vision for the state's CTE system and developing an agreed upon mission statement and guiding principles for implementing CTE. At the second meeting, members of the resource group developed CTE system goals, and focused on strategies to improve equity and access, develop demand-driven programs, and strengthen CTE in the following eight areas: high-quality instructional programs, industry partnerships, career guidance, system alignment, student support services, faculty supply and quality, evaluation and assessment of program effectiveness, and services to incumbent workers and lifelong learning. In the final meeting, the resource group addressed alignment and evaluation and accountability in greater depth and concluded with a discussion on the promotion of CTE to key target audiences.

Following the resource group meetings, members received summaries of their work and were given opportunities to make revisions. Recommendations from the resource group were conveyed to the Joint Advisory Committee for Career Technical Education (JACCTE) for approval. The JACCTE, comprised of equal numbers of representatives of the State Board of Education and the Community College Board of Governors³, serves as the joint policy body that makes recommendations to the two boards regarding all aspects of coordinated delivery of CTE in the state. Approved JACCTE recommendations are incorporated into the plan.

Additionally, public input about the plan was elicited through four on-site public hearings held on September 7, 14, 17, and 24, 2007, which were also available via Webcast, allowing for participation of stakeholders' from their personal computers. The public was notified through over 90 professional associations and CTE-related organizations comprised of CTE and non-CTE educators, workforce and economic development professionals, industry representatives, parents and students, and through established CDE and CCCCCO networks. In August 2007, a draft of the state plan was posted on the Web site www.wested.org/cteplan for public review.

² A list of members of the resource group is included in Appendix ____.

³ A list of members of the JACCTE is included in Appendix ____.

A summary of the comments and recommendations from these hearings is included in Appendix _____. CDE and CCCCCO staff considered all recommendations, which were either integrated into drafts of the plan for consideration by the JACCTE or not included due to inconsistencies with state goals or Perkins IV requirements.

Chapter One of the plan, which follows, describes California's current CTE delivery system and enrollment status. This chapter, together with Chapter Two, which discusses the demographic, economic, educational, and policy context for CTE in California, provides the backdrop for the vision, mission, goals and strategies for strengthening the CTE system proposed in Chapter Three.